

UNITED STATES NOT SATISFIED WITH ANSWER OF BRITISH GOVERNMENT

PROTEST NOT
ANSWERED IN
BRITAIN NOTE

Further Representations To
Be Made by American
Government.

OVER OCEAN BLOCKADE

State Department Is Gath-
ering Data on Ships and
Cargoes Detained.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—Officials here regard the British statement of detention as evasive. The memorandum puts the total number of vessels "detained" at 27. Nowhere in the British memorandum is a statement of the total number of detentions, which the state department estimates at almost 100 since the issue of the British order in council on March 1.

The new note to Great Britain will doubtless call special attention to the British statement, that of the 27 ships detained, seven "free to depart as soon as the issue of their cargo placed in the prize court have been discharged."

Washington is not ready to accept the principle embodied in that statement and officials contend it is small consolation for an American owner of a valuable cargo. The note will insist that a non-contraband cargo, consigned to a neutral port, regardless of its eventual destination, shall not be molested.

Secretary Lansing disclosed today that the portion of the note dealing with the principles of the so-called blockade had long ago been outlined, but that officials had been absorbed in getting data on American ships and goods detained or seized. The contention that the note in its final form would be a presentation of the academic principles involved in the blockade as well as British practice under the order in council.

The British memorandum, reviewing the efforts to minimize inconveniences to neutrals, will be acknowledged in the new note and some of its points will be discussed, although it is recognized here that the memorandum was not intended as a reply to the American protest against the principles of the order in council which Great Britain has not answered.

To Renew Protest.
Government officials today had under consideration, in connection with the new American note to Great Britain concerning delays to neutral commerce, the latest British memorandum on the subject.

The British note explains in detail measures taken by the British government to minimize inconveniences to neutral commerce under the order in council. The claim is made, however, that American citizens have no just grounds for complaint on account of the treatment accorded their cargoes.

The United States in its communication will renew its protest of March 1 against the principles in the order in council. The British memorandum makes no attempt to answer the principles asserted in the note of that date.

THREE ARE HELD
IN AUTO TRAGEDY

Flack, Driver of Machine, and Compan-
ions of Two Killed, Under Arrest
in Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., June 25.—The cases of Miss Lottie Briggs of Chicago, J. E. Wicker of High Point, Iowa, and F. E. Flack, a Chicago chauffeur, in connection with the automobile accident in which O. W. Franklin of Burlington, Iowa, and Mrs. Elvira Landahl Rieppel, Chicago, were killed, was set for hearing July 1 today.

Flack is accused of manslaughter and the two others, fellow passengers of the persons killed, are held as accessories. Wicker and Miss Briggs are at liberty under bonds.

Overland Raises Employees.
Toledo, Ohio, June 25.—The Willys-Overland automobile company today announced that the wages of its 10,000 employees will be advanced five per cent, beginning July 1. The increase was voluntary. It will add \$250,000 to the yearly payroll, the company announced.

New Earth Tremors.
El Centro, Cal., June 25.—Despite additional tremors which occurred last night during a mass meeting of 5,000 citizens, the work of rehabilitating the ruins of the Imperial valley was continued today with renewed vigor.

BODIES ABLAZE, MEN
JUMP OUT WINDOWS
AND AVOID FATALITY

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 25.—Seven men were probably fatally burned in an explosion of gasoline today at the works of the Aetna Explosives company here. The men escaped by jumping from windows while their bodies were ablaze like torches. At the Aetna plant government experiments with a new process of manufacturing gasoline are being carried on.

TRAINS CLASH ON
BRIDGE; SIX DEAD

Collision 100 Feet in Air Between
Fast Passengers on Western
Maryland Railroad.

Thurmont, Md., June 25.—Six persons, four of them from Baltimore, were killed and a dozen more or less seriously injured when the Blue Mountain express and the fast mail of the Western Maryland railway crashed together on a bridge, 100 feet high, over Owen's creek, a few miles west of here, last night. The dead:

MRS. W. EDWIN CHIPCHASE, Baltimore.

WALTER N. CHIPCHASE, her son, Baltimore.

COLEMAN COOK, engineer, Baltimore.

C. R. FRITZ, Hagerstown, traveling salesman, Baltimore.

J. H. HAYES, fireman, Baltimore.

LUTHER HULL, baggage man, Hagerstown.

Seriously injured:

J. B. Zandgraft, Baltimore, fireman, leg and ribs broken.

The Blue Mountain express, west bound, known as train No. 11, was late. If on time, it would have passed the fast mail, No. 10, east bound, not far from the point at which the wreck occurred. The change in the schedule, in the course of which a misapprehension in the orders given to the conductors of the two trains is said to have occurred, resulted in bringing the two trains together, both running at high speed, on the bridge, which spans a mountain ravine, through which the creek, a shallow stream, runs over a rocky bed.

So great was the impact with which the trains met that the two engines were almost completely telescoped. Locked together, their combined weight held both to the track and perhaps prevented a greater catastrophe. The baggage car of the Blue Mountain express, in which Mrs. Chipchase, who was an invalid, accompanied by her son, was riding, lying in a reclining chair, was torn from its trucks and thrown to the bed of the creek.

The Pullman car, immediately back of the baggage car, veered perilously near the edge of the bridge, but did not leave the rails. Its occupants escaping practically without injury.

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WARSAW NOW
MARK KAISER
FIXES EYE ON

Petrograd Asserts There Is
Little Danger of Further
German Success.

NO SHIFT TO THE WEST

Czar Maintains Enemy Will
Need All the Troops He
Has in the East.

London, June 25.—Something in the nature of a lull in the fighting is enabling the military observers on both sides to take stock of the present situation and forecast future operations.

Petrograd claims that the Russian defensive positions are so secure that the Austro-Germans will not be able to withdraw many troops for use against the allies of Russia. The Russians assert further that their present line before Warsaw is as strong as it ever was and that their armies on the River Dniester will fall back only if the eastward drive of the Austro-Germans from Lemberg threatens to cut them off.

The authorities of the central empire are less communicative concerning their future intentions and movements, but it is believed that Warsaw again is their objective.

In England the campaign for munitions is in full swing with the possibility of natural registration to ascertain the "man power" of the nation. That England appreciates the need of adding to her fighting resources is significantly indicated by the publication in the London Times of tables showing that the casualties of officers during the last month come within a few hundred of the total officer casualties during the entire South African war. The total in South Africa was 2,782, while the lists since May 24 show that 2,440 officers have been killed or wounded or reported missing.

Berlin Reports Gains.
Berlin, June 25 (by wireless to Nacville).—German official statement: "On the west front all attacks of the enemy yesterday were repulsed and the German troops made local gains in several places. The village of Kopschyska has been evacuated by the Germans. West of Stegas, German troops have taken possession of a part of the enemy's line. The situation of Field Marshal von Mackensen's army remains unchanged. That portion of General von Linsingen's army which was northwest of Halicz has been transferred to the south bank of the Dniester. Further up the river the German attacks are advancing. The left wing of the army is now near Chodow."

French Claim Repulses.
Paris, June 25.—The French official statement: "In the region north of Arras French troops last night delivered an attack between Angres and Souches and made further progress. In the 'Labyrinth' a German counter attack has been repulsed. This engagement was followed by a violent bombardment of our trenches, to which our batteries made reply."

"In the Champagne district near Rheims, as well as in the region of Perth, the enemy yesterday and last night exploded two groups of mines but did not attack with infantry. They were not even able to occupy the excavations made by these mine explosions."

"In the Argonne and at Vauquois the fighting with mines continues, and there occurred several local engagements in which the throwing of bombs and hand grenades was a feature."

"On the heights of the Meuse, at the Calonne trench, the Germans last evening violently attacked our entire front and hurled asphyxiating bombs and flaming liquids. After having succeeded in penetrating that portion of their former second line of defenses which we occupied, they were thrown out of these positions by an energetic attack on our part. At midnight the enemy attempted a further offensive return. The assailants found themselves under a fire from our barriers and they were dispersed with heavy losses."

"In Lorraine the enemy yesterday on two different occasions attempted to retake the positions he had lost near Leintrey. He was completely repulsed."

"In the Vosges two German infantry attacks were checked by us. They were delivered against our trenches at Reich Ackerkopf, after a violent artillery bombardment."

"A German aviator yesterday threw five bombs on the sanitarium at Zuvdcoote, but without doing any damage."

AUSTRIANS REPORT
3,000 ITALIANS ARE
SLAIN IN AN ATTACK

Washington, D. C., June 25.—Foreign office dispatches to the Austro-Hungarian embassy here today say Plawa still is held by the Austrians and deny the claim that Italian troops have broken through. They say unsuccessful field attacks left at least 3,000 dead before the Austrian positions.

BLOODY BATTLES
ALONG DNIESTER

Russians Offering Desperate Resistance to Permit Armies to Save Themselves.

Austrian Press Headquarters (via London), June 25.—The results of the successes achieved by General von Boehm-Ermolli's army in taking Lemberg and in the battles east of the Galician capital are making themselves felt also on the Dniester. Since taking Mikolajow this army has been operating with General Linsingen's army to the south and has been pressing the Russians back irresistibly on their positions north of the Dniester.

The Russians are offering a desperate resistance on the Dniester to permit their retreating armies to save themselves and their war material. The retreat of the Russians along the San and in the angle on the Vistula continues to bring successful results to the pursuing army of Archduke Joseph Ferdinand.

Petrograd, June 24 (via London, June 25).—Austro-German forces were repulsed with heavy losses at three points on the Dniester river by the Russians, according to a Russian official statement dated June 23. In the Kosierkine district the Russians carried off by assault a strongly fortified height. "Enormous" losses are said to have been inflicted on the Germans in the Kosierkine region.

Referring to operations near Lemberg, the statement asserts that Russian counter attacks were successful.

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PRESIDENT IN
CORNISH FOR
NEEDED REST

Summer White House Has
Been Established in Hills
of New Hampshire.

DAUGHTER IS WITH HIM

Efforts to Keep Nation Out
of Turmoil Applauded
Along Route.

Cornish, N. H., June 25.—President Wilson, accompanied by his daughter, Margaret, and Dr. Cary T. Grayson, the White house physician, arrived at his summer home here soon after 1 o'clock this afternoon. He was met at the railroad station at Windsor, Vermont, by his cousin, Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, and motored to Cornish.

Greenfield, Mass., June 25.—President Wilson today began to enjoy in earnest his first vacation since last fall. Enroute for Cornish, N. H., he slept this morning and so did not see the crowds which gathered at several stations to greet him until his train arrived in this state. At Springfield, Holyoke, Northampton and Greenfield he responded to cheers, stepping out on the observation platform of his private car and shaking hands with as many persons as time permitted.

At Northampton a large crowd of students from Toronto university on their way to a Y. M. C. A. conference at Northfield gathered about Mr. Wilson's car and gave their college yell, mingled with calls for a speech. The president bowed his acknowledgments. "We are for peace with honor," shouted one man at Holyoke. "We are for you all the time."

The crowd applauded and the president smiled, at the same time accepting a bunch of flowers from a little girl.

After leaving Washington Mr. Wilson received only a few messages, and those examined by him conveyed expressions of approval of his appointment of Robert Lansing as secretary of state. The party was due at Cornish at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Greets Railroad Men.
Springfield, Mass., June 25.—"Keep us out of war," Mr. President."

"I will if I can."

President Wilson was in Springfield for five minutes this morning while on his way to his summer home in Cornish, N. H. He did not speak to the crowd at the station, but in the railroad yards he waved his hand and smiled at a group of railroad men. They called to him and he came out and shook hands with them and gave them the assurance quoted by an automobile at Windsor and taken to Cornish.

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CHICAGO EXPECTS TO
SECURE BOTH OF BIG
PARTY CONVENTIONS

Chicago, Ill., June 25.—Members of the Hamilton club at a luncheon today were assured by Frederick W. Upham that the 1916 convention of the republican party will be held at Chicago. Roger Sullivan said that he could "almost" promise that the democrats also would make this their convention city.

Mr. Upham said that he had the pledges of 30 of the 52 republican national committeemen, which is more than enough, but he said that he expected others to fall in line.

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ZAPATA PUTS
UP BATTLE IN
MEXICO CITY

Artillery Attacks Delay Ad-
vance Upon Capital of
Carranza Forces.

COMMUNICATIONS CUT

Gonzales Deferring Occupa-
tion to Avoid Horrors of
Attack, He Says.

Washington, D. C., June 25.—Zapata forces defending Mexico City have engaged the attacking Carranza army in a series of artillery duels and delayed its advance. No details were contained in the advices reaching here today, which were the first indications that the Carranza advance would be resisted.

Communication with Mexico City has been cut off since June 18, when General Gonzales, the Carranza commander, cut the wires to Vera Cruz at Ojumba, 25 miles east of the capital. Consular advices from Vera Cruz today said the wires were still down and it was improbable that communication would be restored before the Carranza forces entered the city.

Zapata dispatches to the Carranza agency here have insisted Gonzales was delaying his occupation "to save the city from the horrors of attack," and had been ordered to exhaust every means to induce the Villa-Zapata troops to withdraw without resistance.

The Carranza war department urges that the Red Cross relief expedition be delayed until after the occupation of the capital. General Carranza has promised full cooperation with it.

The foreign embassies interested in the Mexican situation have been given to understand that the president will determine on some action in line with his recent statement on Mexican affairs after he returns from Cornish, N. H. the first week in July.

Some of the diplomats who have been following the situation closely, particularly the famine in connection with statements that while the population is starving food is being exported to buy munitions of war, having received official statements indicating that during the first three months of 1915, \$400,000 of foodstuffs were exported to Cuba from the territory held by Carranza.

Ammunition Allowed to Pass.
Douglas, Ariz., June 25.—A shipment of ammunition, clothing and shoes, which was reported to have been held up at the Mexican border by United States soldiers Monday because it had not been declared at the customs house, was allowed to cross the border after a manifest had been made, it became known here today.

The clothing and ammunition were not for Villa troops but were being rushed to Carranza forces at Bavispe.

American to be Freed.
C. E. Bates, an American arrested at Caborca, Sonora, charged with having imported Carranza currency into Villa territory, has been ordered brought to Nogales, where Consul Simpkins reported today, he expects to obtain his release.

Campbell Stays
IN SOLITARY CELL

Negro Held to Grand Jury, in Danger
of Violence, To Be Kept at
Penitentiary.

Chicago, Ill., June 25.—Fear that violence might be visited on "Chicken Joe" Campbell, the negro accused of the murder of Mrs. Odette Allen, wife of the warden of the prison here, if he were removed to the county jail to await grand jury action, is the influence which is keeping the accused man in his solitary cell in the penitentiary.

It was decided last night that the usual procedure of taking persons awaiting trial to the jail be followed, but today it was considered best to keep the man in prison where he will be safe from possible mobs.

The long session held by the coroner's jury last night was due, it is said, not to any hesitation about holding Campbell, but to considering whether others were involved in a plot against Mrs. Allen's life. The jury was unable to reach a decision on this point.

Chicago Arbitration Begun.
Chicago, Ill., June 25.—Arbitration of the differences between 14,000 employees of Chicago's street car companies, which resulted in a 48 hour strike last week, began today with Mayor Thompson as umpire.

THE WEATHER

Forecast Till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for
Rock Island, Davenport, Moline
and Vicinity.

Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday. Slightly warmer tonight.

Temperature at 7 a. m., 59. Highest yesterday, 82. Lowest last night, 57.

Velocity of wind at 7 a. m., 10 miles per hour.

Relative humidity at 7 p. m., 87; at 7 a. m., 56; at 1 p. m. today, 62.

Stage of water, 6.9; a fall of 1 in last 24 hours.

J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.